

CLIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

Updated: **October 2017**

Famotidine

- **Keep this leaflet safe, as you may need to refer to it again.**
- **Please ask your vet or veterinary nurse if you have any further questions.**
- **This medicine has been prescribed for *your* pet ONLY. Do not take it yourself or give it to another person or any other animal; it may harm them even if their symptoms appear to be the same.**

The medicine you have been given for your dog or cat is called famotidine. It may have a trade name such as Pepcid®, but often will just be called famotidine.

What is famotidine?

Famotidine belongs to a group of medicines that are called *H₂ receptor antagonists*. These drugs reduce gastric acid production in the stomach.

Why has my pet been prescribed famotidine?

Famotidine is used to treat or prevent ulcers in the stomach and upper small intestine. These ulcers can develop in a variety of diseases, such as kidney failure or stomach cancer. They can also be a side effect of a group of pain-relieving drugs called NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs).

How should I store famotidine?

This medicine does not require special storage conditions. For safety, ***all medicines should be kept out of the reach and sight of children.***

How do I give famotidine tablets to my pet?

Try to disguise them in a small quantity of strongly flavoured food that your pet likes. Alternatively, the tablets can be placed carefully on the back of the pet's tongue and their mouth held closed until the entire tablet has been swallowed.

How long will my pet need to take famotidine?

Your vet will advise you on the length of time for which you will need to give this medicine. This may vary between patients.

What should I do if I run out of tablets?

Try not to run out. Make sure you order more tablets from your vet if your supply is getting low. If you do run out, contact your own vet for further advice and restart the course as soon as possible.

What should I do if I miss a dose?

If a dose is missed, give the medication as soon as possible. However, it is best to skip the missed dose if it is almost time for your pet's next scheduled dose. **DO NOT** give a double dose to make up for the missed dose and do not exceed the total stated dose in any one 24-hour period.

What should I do if my pet is accidentally given too many doses?

Contact your vet as soon as possible. Currently there is little information available about famotidine overdose in pets. However, an overdose of famotidine in people is unlikely to be life-threatening.

Can my pet take famotidine if I am already giving them other drugs?

Tell your vet if you are giving your pet any other medications, even if you think they already know. This includes herbal or off-the-shelf remedies from a pet shop or pharmacy.

What are the possible side effects of famotidine for my pet?

There is limited information available about the side effects of famotidine in pets. In people, side effects to this drug are rare, although it has been known to cause diarrhoea and tiredness. If your pet shows *any* unusual symptoms whilst taking this medication, please contact your vet.

What should I do if my pet is unwell while taking famotidine?

If your pet is unwell while receiving medication, you should not give any further doses and should contact your vet as soon as possible for advice.

What should I do if a person accidentally takes this drug?

If a person accidentally takes your pet's tablets, the person should be taken to the local hospital ***immediately***. Take this leaflet and any remaining tablets plus their container (even if it is empty) with you.

Whom do I contact if I want to know more?

If you have any questions about this drug, or concerns about your pet's health, contact your own vet. They will know your pet's medical history and will know about famotidine.

The Prescribing Cascade

This medicine is authorized for use in human patients and is used by vets under the 'prescribing cascade'. The medicine is not authorized by the Veterinary Medicines Directorate (VMD), an executive agency of the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), for use in dogs/cats/pets. Your vet can explain the 'prescribing cascade' in further detail to you and also explain why they are prescribing this drug for your pet. You will be asked to sign a consent form stating that you understand the reasons that the drug is being prescribed and its possible complications, before the treatment is issued.

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